

References

- African Clean Cities Platform (ACCP) (2019): Africa Solid Waste Management Data Book. https://africancleancities.org/data/D2_S3_Jica_Data-book.pdf [Access 09.02.2023].
- African Union Commission (2015): Agenda 2063: The Africa We Want. Addis Ababa, Ethiopia: African Union Commission.
- African Union (n. d.): Agenda 2063: The Africa We Want. <https://au.int/en/agenda2063/overview> [Access 17.01.2023].
- Akenji, L., Hotta, Y., Bengtsson, M., Hayash, L. (2021): “EPR policies for electronics in developing Asia: An adapted phase-in approach”, Waste management & research. The journal of the International Solid Wastes and Public Cleansing Association, ISWA, Volume 29, pp. 919–930.
- Babayemi, J.O., Nnorom, I.C., Osibanjo, O., Weber, R. (2019): “Ensuring sustainability in plastics use in Africa: consumption, waste generation, and projections”, Environmental Science, Volume 31, pp. 2–20.
- Banda, K. W., Mwanza, B. G., Mwananumo, E. M., & Banda, I. N. (2021): “Governance mechanisms for managing municipal solid waste: A review”, Proceedings of the 11th Annual International Conference on Industrial Engineering and Operations Management Singapore, pp. 5.824–5.835.
- Basel Convention (2019): Basel Convention. <http://www.basel.int/TheConvention/Overview/TextoftheConvention/tabid/1275/Default.aspx> [Access 16.11.2022].
- Bharadwaj, R. (2016): “Municipal Solid Waste Co-processing in Cement Industry: Innovative models for Scale up”, Knowledge Exchange Platform Newsletter, Volume 6, pp. 2–4.

- BlackForest Solutions GmbH (2018): Time to Act. <https://www.blackforest-solutions.com/> [Access 16.11.2022].
- Brink, A. (2013): *Anfertigung wissenschaftlicher Arbeiten*. Wiesbaden: Springer Gabler, 5. Edition.
- Bridgestone Mobility Solutions B.V. (n. d.): So viel Kraftstoff verbrauchen Lkw, Webfleet. https://www.webfleet.com/de_de/webfleet/blog/so-viel-kraftstoff-verbrauchen-lkw/ [Access 30.01.2023].
- Chileshe, B. and Moonga, M. (2017): “Alternatives for Dumpsite Scavenging: The Case of Waste Pickers at Lusaka’s Chunga Landfill”, *International Journal of Humanities Social Sciences and Education (IJHSSE)* Volume 4, Issue 6, June 2017, pp. 40–51.
- Chisala, C. (n. d.): Humanitarian OpenStreetMap Team. Mapping Solid Waste Zones in Lusaka. <https://www.hotosm.org/updates/mapping-solid-waste-zones-in-lusaka/> [Access 22.11.2022].
- Chibinda, D. (2016): *Municipal solid waste in a circular economy perspective: A case study of Lusaka City in Zambia*. Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Department of Economics: Master’s thesis.
- Chilanga (2021): Chilanga Cement Plc. Annual report. <https://chilangacement.co.zm/reports-publications/> [Access 18.01.2023].
- Chilinga, G. (2014): “An analysis of Public Perception of Domestic Solid Waste Management: The case of the make Zambia Clean and Health Programme in Livingstone”, *International Journal of Plant, Animal and Environmental Sciences*, Volume 4, pp. 136–151.
- Circular Action Hub (2020): *Additionality and Positive Lists Guidance note 2*. https://www.circularactionhub.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/10/Circular_Credits_Mechanism_Additionality_and_Positive_Lists_Guidance_Note_2.pdf [Access 18.01.2023].
- Clerens, P, Thuau, A. (2018): *The Role of Waste-to-Energy (WtE) in the EU’s Long-Term Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Strategy*. https://www.vivis.de/wp-content/uploads/WM8/2018_wm_025-036_clerens [Access 17.01.2023].
- Daka, M., Madimusta, C. (2020): “Collaborative Governance and Community Participation in Solid Waste Management in Lusaka”, *African Journal of Governance and Development*, Volume 9 , Issue 2, pp. 524–542.

References

- Ebusaka (2022): Ebusaka. <https://www.ebusaka.com/> [Access 17.01.2023].
- Edema, M. O., Sichamba, V., & Ntengwe, F.W. (2012): “Solid Waste Management. A case study of Ndola”, *International Journal of Plant, Animal and Environmental Sciences*, Volume 2, pp. 248–255.
- European Union (2020): Co-processing of waste in EU cement plants: status and prospects, European Circular Economy Stakeholder Platform. <https://circulareconomy.europa.eu/platform/en/good-practices/co-processing-waste-eu-cement-plants-status-and-prospects> [Access 19.12.2022].
- Eurostat (n. d.): Overview – Circular economy. <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/circular-economy> [Access 13.12.2022].
- Esch, F.-R., Schaarschmidt, C., Baumgartl, C. (2019): Herausforderungen und Aufgaben des Markenmanagements. *Handbuch Markenführung*. Wiesbaden: Springer Gabler.
- Fellenberg, G. (1997): *Umweltverschmutzung – Umweltbelastung. Einblicke in die Wissenschaft*. Wiesbaden: Vieweg+Teubner Verlag.
- Ferronato N., Rada EC., Gorrity Portillo MA., Cioca LI., Ragazzi M., Torretta V.: “Introduction of the circular economy within developing regions: A comparative analysis of advantages and opportunities for waste valorization”, *Journal of environmental management*, Volume 230: pp. 366–378.
- Flaticon (n. d.): Icons. <https://www.flaticon.com/icons>; credits to Freepik, Gregor Cresnar; Chanut-is-Industries; refer to flaticon license [Access 19.12.2022].
- Gebhardt, H., Glaser, R., Radtke, U., Reuber, P., Vött, A. (2007): *Geographie. Physische Geographie und Humangeographie*. München: Elsevier, Spektrum, Akad.Verl.
- Gebhardt, H., Glaser, R., Radtke, U., Reuber, P., Vött, A. (2011): *Geographie. Physische Geographie und Humangeographie*. München: Elsevier, Spektrum, Akad.Verl., 2.Edition.
- Germany Trade and Invest (n. d.): Africa Business Guide – Alles zur Wirtschaft in Sambia. <https://www.africa-business-guide.de/de/maerkte/sambia> [Access 07.11.2022].
- Gesellschaft für internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) (2020): *Neue Märkte – Neue Chancen. Ein Wegweiser für deutsche Unternehmen. Sambia*. https://www.giz.de/de/downloads/giz2020_de_neue_maerkte_neue_chancen_sambia_mit%20coronahinweis.pdf [Access 13.12.2022].

- Gesellschaft für internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) (2021): Handbook Recycling and Beyond Practices and Ideas from India and Germany. https://www.giz.de/en/downloads_els/Handbook%20Recycling%20and%20Beyond%20Practices%20and%20Ideas%20from%20India%20and%20Germany.pdf [Access 18.01.2023].
- Gheewala, S.H., Silalertruksa, T. (2021): An Introduction to Circular Economy. Singapore: Springer.
- GIZ-LafargeHolcim (2020): Guidelines on Pre- and Co-processing of Waste in Cement Production–Use of waste as alternative fuel and raw material. https://www.giz.de/en/downloads/giz-2020_en_guidelines-pre-coprocessing.pdf [Access 18.01.2023].
- Guerrero, L. A., Maas, G., Hogland, W. (2013): “Solid waste management challenges for cities in developing countries”, Waste management, Volume 33 (1), pp. 220–232.
- Gupt, Y., Sahay, S. (2015): “Review of extended producer responsibility: A case study approach”, Waste Management & Research, Volume 33, pp. 595–611.
- Google Maps 2023a: Chunga Landfill–Silver Rest. <https://tinyurl.com/cs66rk7p> [Access 18.01.2023].
- Google Maps 2023b: Chunga Landfill–Chilanga. <https://tinyurl.com/3kach7ba> [Access 18.01.2023].
- Government of Zambia (2018): Statutory Instrument No 10 Of 2018 The Local Government Regulations. <https://www.enotices.co.zm/download/statutory-instrument-no-10-of-2018-the-local-government-street-vending-and-nuisances-amendment-regulations-pdf/> [Access 08.01.2023].
- Hardin, T. (2021): Plastic: It’s Not All the Same. <https://plasticoceans.org/> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Holcim (n. d.): Plastikabfall: Verwertung im Zementwerk bringt ökologischen Mehrwert. <https://www.holcim.ch/de/plastikabfall-verwertung-im-zementwerk-bringt-oekologischen-mehrwert> [Access 19.12.2022].
- Iconfinder (n. d.): Icons. <https://www.iconfinder.com/Please refer to – https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/#; https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/; Credits to Eucalyp Studio; https://support.iconfinder.com/en/articles/18231-license-basic> [Access 19.12.2022].

- International Organization for Standardization (ISO) (n. d.): Kunststoffe – Begriffe. <https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#iso:std:iso:472:ed-4:v1:de> [Access 16.11.2022].
- Japan International Cooperation Agency Institute for International Cooperation (JICA) 2005: Supporting Capacity Development for Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries — Towards Improving Solid Waste Management Capacity of Entire Society. Tokyo: JICA.
- Johnson, A. (2022): Circularity concepts: Plastic Credits: Evaluating the opportunities and benefits of Plastic Credits in a circular economy. <https://www.circularityconcepts.org/module-5-plastic-credits> [Access 16.01.2023].
- Joseph, K. (2006): “Stakeholder participation for sustainable waste management”, Habitat International, Volume 30, pp. 863–871.
- Joseph, K. and Nagendran, R., (2007): “Top Down and bottom up approach for sustainability of waste management in developing countries”, Proceedings Sardinia 2007, Eleventh International Waste Management and Landfill Symposium.
- Kaza, S., Yao, L., Bhada-Tata, P., Van Woerden, F. (2018): What a Waste 2.0. A Global Snapshot of Solid Waste Management to 2050: Urban Development. Washington, DC: World Bank.
- Kaiser, K., Schmid, M., Schlummer, M. (2018): “Recycling of Polymer-Based Multilayer Packaging: A Review”, Recycling 2018, Volume 3, pp.1–26.
- Kalina, O., Köppl, S., Kranenpohl, U., Lang, R., Stern, J., Straßner, A. (2003): Das Handwerk der Literaturrecherche. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.
- King, G. (2022): What are Plastic Credits? An Introduction. <https://repurpose.global/blog/post/what-are-plastic-credits> [Access 25.11.2022].
- Kim, D. and Phae, C. (2022): “Analysis of The Environmental and Economic Effect of the Co-Processing of Waste in the Cement Industry”, Sustainability 2022, Volume 14, pp. 1–11.
- Kusi, E., Nyarko, A., Boamah Appiah, L., Nyamekye, C. (2016): “Landfills: Investigating its Operational Practices in Ghana”, International Journal of Energy and Environmental Science, Volume 1, pp. 19–28.
- Kuwema, Emily (2022): Zambia: Lusaka Grapples with Waste Management. <https://allafrica.com/stories/202202150112.html> [Access 09.11.2022].

- Künster, J. C. (2014): Waste-Management in Mazabuka – Sambia: „SWERS“ – angepasste Lösung mit Modellcharakter, oder nicht konkurrenzfähiges Kleinunternehmen? Saarbrücken: AV Akademikerverlag.
- Lamnek, R. (2017): Qualitative Sozialforschung. Weinheim: BeltzPVU. 6. Edition
- Langsdorf, S. and Duin, L. (2022): The circular economy and its impact on developing and emerging countries. An explorative study. Berlin: Ecologic Institute.
- Lee, M. (2020): “Marine Debris Mitigation–Plastic Neutrality Through a Credit System in Southeast Asia”, Conference Paper International Conference on Sustainable Development 2020.
- Liu, C., Zhang, X., Medda, F. (2021): „Plastic credit: A consortium block-chain-based plastic recyclability system”, Waste Management, Volume 121, pp. 42–51.
- Lusaka City Council (LCC) (n. d.): Lusaka City Council – Waste Management. <https://www.lcc.gov.zm/waste-management/> [Access 28.11.2022].
- Lusaka City Council (LCC) (2022): Lusaka Solid Waste Management Improvement Plan 2022–2026. Internal document.
- Maluwa Foundation (2022): Maluwa Foundation. <https://maluwafoundation.org/> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Ministry of Green Economy and Environment (MGEE) (n. d.): Ministry of Green Economy and Environment. https://www.mgee.gov.zm/?page_id=1429 [Access 28.11.2022].
- Milimo, M., Hinchliffe G., Petterson M. (2021): “The environmental impact of landfill fires and their contaminant plumes at the Chunga landfill site, Lusaka, Zambia”, African Journal of Environmental Science and Technology (AJEST), Volume 15 (12), pp. 569–579.
- Ministry of Finance and National Planning (MoF) (2022): Eighth National Development Plan (8NDP) 2022–2026. Socio-economic transformation for improved livelihoods. <https://www.nydc.gov.zm/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/8th-NDP-2022-2026.pdf> [Access 17.01.2023].
- Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources (MLNR) (n. d.): Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources. <https://www.mlnr.gov.zm/> [Access 28.11.2022].

- Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development (MLGRD) (n. d.): Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development. <https://www.mlgrd.gov.zm> [Access 28.11.2022].
- Ministry of Health (MoH) (n. d.): Ministry of Health. <https://www.moh.gov.zm/> [Access 28.11.2022].
- Monier, V., Hestin, M., Cavé, J., Laureysens, I., Watkins, E., Reisinger, H., Porsch, L. (2014): Development of Guidance on Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR), Final report.
- Muheirwe, F., Kombe, W., M. Kihila, J. (2022): “The paradox of solid waste management: A regulatory discourse from Sub-Saharan Africa”, Habitat International, Volume 119, pp. 1–9.
- Muller, L., Ciaraldi, E., McNaught, A., Allaire, J., Ngwenya, A. (2017): Waste as a Resource: Development Opportunities Within Zambia’s Waste Value Chain and Management System. Technical Report.
- The Ministry of Water Development and Sanitation (MWDS) (n. d.): The Ministry of Water Development and Sanitation. <https://www.mwds.gov.zm/> [Access 28.11.2022].
- Naturschutzbund Deutschland (NABU) (n. d.): Export von Plastikabfällen, NABU – Naturschutzbund Deutschland e.V. <https://www.nabu.de/umwelt-und-ressourcen/abfall-und-recycling/26205.html> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Nawa, D. (2017): Where does Lusaka waste go. <http://www.daily-mail.co.zm/where-does-lusaka-waste-go/> [Access 29.11.2022].
- Nguyen, V. (2022): Plastic Credit–Principles, Mechanisms and Applications. Technische Universität Darmstadt. Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering: Bachelor Thesis.
- Nguyen, V., Frisch, S., Schäfer, A. (2022): Kunststoffkreislauf mit „Credits“. <https://www.ingenieur.de/fachmedien/umweltmagazin/special-die-zukunft-des-kunststoffs/kunststoffkreislauf-mit-credits/> [Access 16.11.2022].
- Nnorom, I. C. and Osibanjo O. (2007): “The Challenge of Electronic Waste (E-Waste) Management in Developing Countries”, Waste Management Research, Volume 25, No. 6, pp. 489–501.
- Nyirenda, M. (2019): A study of waste management in Lusaka to determine the feasibility of waste to energy plants. (Case study of chungu dump site). University Zambia: Thesis at Cavendish.

- Obinger, H. (2004): Politik und Wirtschaftswachstum. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.
- Ocean Conservancy (2021): Financing Waste Management and Recycling Infrastructure to Prevent Ocean Plastic Pollution. A Survey of Innovative Financial Instruments. https://oceanconservancy.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/Ocean-Conservancy-White-Paper-Full_20210426.pdf [Access 03.01.2023].
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (n.d): Extended Producer Responsibility. <https://www.oecd.org/environment/waste/extended-producer-responsibility.htm> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (2005), “Analytical Framework for Evaluating the Costs and Benefits of Extended Producer Responsibility Programmes”, OECD Papers, Volume 5/3, n. pag..
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (2016): Extended Producer Responsibility: Updated Guidance for Efficient Waste Management. Paris: OECD Publishing.
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (2021): Environment Directorate Environment Policy Committee Working Party on Resource Productivity and Waste Modulated fees for Extended Producer Responsibility schemes (EPR). [https://www.oecd.org/officialdocuments/publicdisplaydocumentpdf/?cote=ENV/WKP\(2021\)16&docLanguage=En](https://www.oecd.org/officialdocuments/publicdisplaydocumentpdf/?cote=ENV/WKP(2021)16&docLanguage=En) [Access 03.01.2023].
- Plastic Credit Exchange (2021). How Pcx Works. <https://www.plasticcreditexchange.com/our-process/> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Plastic Credit Exchange (2022). *Glossary*. <https://www.plasticcreditexchange.com/glossary-faq/> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Plastics Technology (n. d.): Multilayer and films. <http://polymerdatabase.com/Films/Multilayer+Films.html> [Access 29.11.2022].
- Prevent Waste Alliance (n. d.): Plastic Credit for inclusive and transparent circularity. <https://prevent-waste.net/en/pilotprojects/plastic-credits/> [Access 13.12.2022].
- Prevent Waste Alliance (2022a): EPR Toolbox. Know-how to enable Extended Producer Responsibility for packaging 2022. https://prevent-waste.net/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/PREVENT-Toolbox-interactivePDF_2022lowres.pdf [Access 02.01.2023].

References

- Prevent Waste Alliance (2022b): Plastic Credit for inclusive and transparent circularity. https://prevent-waste.net/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/PREVENT_PP_Factsheet_Plastic-Credits_2022-09.pdf [Access 13.12.2022].
- Prevent Waste Alliance (2022c): Discussion Paper. Plastic credit schemes and EPR—risks and opportunities. <https://prevent-waste.net/en/discussion-paper-on-plastic-credits-and-epr-published/> [Access 02.01.2023].
- Prieto-Sandoval, V., Jaca, C., Ormazabal, M. (2018): “Towards a consensus on the circular economy”, *Journal of Cleaner Production*, Volume 179, pp. 605–615.
- ReliefWeb (2022): Zambia: Cholera Outbreak. <https://reliefweb.int/disaster/ep-2022-000203-zmb> [Access 24.11.2022].
- rePurpose (n. d.): RePurpose Global: World’s Leading Plastic Action Platform. <https://repurpose.global/> [Access 25.11.2022].
- Republic of Zambia (2006): VISION 2030. A prosperous Middle-income Nation By 2030. https://www.nor.gov.zm/?wpfb_dl=44 [Access 25.11.2022].
- Sambo, J., Muchindu, M., Nyambe, S., Yamauchi, T. (2020): Sustainable Solid Waste Management: An Assessment of Solid Waste Treatment in Lusaka, Zambia.
- Shinde, S. (2021): Multilayer Plastics: Challenges & Solutions, *Packaging 360*. <https://packaging360.in/casestudies/multilayer-plastics-challenges-solutions/> [Access 29.11.2022].
- Shunsuke, S. and Tetsuya, A., (2014): “Estimating the possible range of recycling rates achieved by dump waste pickers: The case of Bantar Gebang in Indonesia”, *Waste management & research: the journal of the International Solid Wastes and Public Cleansing Association, ISWA*. Volume 32, pp. 474–481.
- Siame, G. (2018): Waste management status: Programmes / undertakings and innovations in Lusaka. Lusaka, Zambia: The University of Zambia, Department of Geography & Environmental Studies, Centre for Urban Research and Planning.
- Sishekanu, M. (2018): Analysing ban on plastics through Statutory Instrument No. 65 of 2018. <http://www.google.com/analysing-ban-on-plastics-through-statutory-instrument-no-65-of-2018/> [Access 08.01.2023].

- Statista (2022): Bruttoinlandsprodukt (BIP) von Sambia bis 2027. <https://de.statista.com/statistik/daten/studie/382427/umfrage/bruttoinlandsprodukt-bip-von-sambia/> [Access 07.11.2022].
- Sturm, B. and Vogt, C. (2018): *Umweltökonomik*. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer Gabler.
- Southern African Development Community (SADC) (2020): *Vision 2050*. Gaborone, Botswana: SADC.
- Távora de Mello Soares, C., Ek, M., Östmark, E., Gällstedt, M., Karlsson, S. (2022): “Recycling of multi-material multilayer plastic packaging: Current trends and future scenarios”, *Resources, Conservation and Recycling*, Volume 176, pp. 1–10.
- Taylor, D. C., (2000): “Policy incentives to minimize generation of municipal solid waste”, *Waste Management & Research*, Volume 18, pp. 406–419.
- TONTOTON (2022): *A Brief Look at Plastic Credit: What You Need to Know to Do It Right*. <https://tontoton.com/plastic-credit-what-you-need-to-know-to-do-it-right/> [Access 25.11.2022].
- Umweltbundesamt (UBA) (2019): *Aufkommen und Verwertung von Verpackungsabfällen in Deutschland im Jahr 2017. Abschlussbericht*. Dessau-Roßlau: Umweltbundesamt.
- United Nations (UN) Habitat (2007): *Lusaka Urban Profile*. <https://unhabitat.org/zambia-lusaka-urban-profile> [Access 03.01.2023].
- United Nations Habitat (2010): *Solid Waste Management in the World’s Cities; Water and Sanitation in the World’s Cities*. Washington: DC: Earthscan.
- United Nations (UN) in Zambia (n. d.): *The United Nations in Zambia*. <https://zambia.un.org/> [Access 08.01.2023].
- UNIDO (2019): *Waste Management Study–Chongwe, Zambia, Assessment of Opportunities for the Reduction of Open Burning Practices 2019*. https://stopopenburning.unitar.org/site/assets/files/1097/zambi_chongwe_municipality_final_report_baseline_study-_march2019.pdf [Access 08.01.2023].
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (2014): *Municipal Solid Waste Generation, Recycling, and Disposal in the United States: Facts and Figures for 2012*. Washington, DC: United States Environmental Protection Agency.

- ValuCred (2021): Plastic Credits. Friends or Foe. <https://prevent-waste.net/wp-content/uploads/2021/09/Plastic-Credits-%E2%80%93-Friend-or-Foe.pdf>. [Access 01.12.2022].
- ValuCred (2022): ValuCred – Standard Process Model Handbook. https://prevent-waste.net/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/ValuCred-SPM_Handbook.pdf [Access 01.12.2022].
- Wastebase (n. d.): Wastebase a digital platform supporting a circular economy for plastic waste. <https://www.unwaste.io/> [Access 08.02.2023].
- Widmer, R., Meneses, G.L., Warlito M. G. (2005): “Global Perspectives on E-Waste”, *Environmental Impact Assessment Review*, Volume 25, pp. 436–458.
- Wollny, V. and Paul, H. (2015): *Methoden der Experten- und Stakeholdereinbindung in der sozialwissenschaftlichen Forschung*. Wiesbaden: Springer VS.
- The World Bank (n. d.): Trends in Solid Waste Management. https://datatopics.worldbank.org/what-a-waste/trends_in_solid_waste_management.html [Access 10.01.2023].
- World Circular Economy Forum (WCEF) (2021): EPR+ Mandatory and voluntary mechanisms for financing the circular economy for plastics and packaging. <https://prevent-waste.net/en/wcef-side-event-epr-plus-20210921/> [Access 01.11.2022].
- World Wide Fund For Nature (WWF) Akademie (n. d. a.): WWF | Akademie für Transformation und Nachhaltigkeit, Going Circular: The EPR Guide. <https://www.wwf-akademie.de/content/course/215/lesson/257/content/2058> [Access 14.01.2023].
- World Wide Fund For Nature (WWF) Akademie (n. d. b.): WWF | Akademie für Transformation und Nachhaltigkeit, Going Circular: The EPR Guide. <https://www.wwf-akademie.de/content/course/215/lesson/257/content/2073> [Access 14.01.2023].
- World Wide Fund For Nature (WWF) Akademie (n. d. c.): WWF | Akademie für Transformation und Nachhaltigkeit, Going Circular: The EPR Guide. <https://www.wwf-akademie.de/content/course/215/lesson/257/content/2077> [Access 14.01.2023].

- World Wide Fund For Nature (WWF) (n. d.): Die wahren Kosten von Plastik. <https://www.wwf.de/themen-projekte/plastik/kosten-von-plastik> [Access 03.01.2023].
- World Wide Fund For Nature (WWF) (2020): How to implement Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) A Briefing for Governments and Businesses. https://wwfint.awsassets.panda.org/downloads/how_to_implement_epr_briefing_for_government_and_business.pdf [Access 03.01.2023].
- YouGov. (2021): Inwieweit, wenn überhaupt, beeinflusst der Gedanke der Nachhaltigkeit Ihre Ess- und Einkaufsgewohnheiten? <https://de.statista.com/statistik/daten/studie/1234736/umfrage/effekt-gedanken-nachhaltigkeit-auf-konsumgewohnheiten-nach-laendern/> [Access 03.01.2023].
- Zaidi Recyclers (n. d.): Zaidi Leading Waste Management Company in Tanzania. <http://zaidi.co.tz/> [Access am 08.02.2023].
- Zambian Parliament (1995): The Public Health Act. <https://www.parliament.gov.zm/sites/default/files/documents/acts/Public+Health+Act.pdf> [Access 08.01.2023].
- Zambian Parliament (2018): No. 20 of 2018 Solid Waste Regulation and Management. <https://www.parliament.gov.zm/sites/default/files/documents/acts/The+Solid+Waste+Regulation+and+Management+Act,+2018.pdf> [Access 08.01.2023].
- Zambia Environmental Management Agency (ZEMA) (2018): Insurance of statutory instrument no65 on extended producer responsibility regulations Lusaka 3rd December 2018. https://nicholasinstitute.duke.edu/sites/default/files/plastics-policies/4493_N_2018_Lusaka.pdf [Access 03.01.2023].
- Zambia Environmental Management Agency (ZEMA) (n. d.): Zambia Environmental Management Agency. <https://www.zema.org.zm/> [Access 03.01.2023].