Michael Riepl

# Russian Contributions to International Humanitarian Law

A contrastive analysis of Russia's historical role and its current practice



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# Preface

I did not write this thesis myself! Of course, I have signed the statement of authorship and I can assure you that – at least in a legal sense – the following thesis was authored, written, and reworked only by myself. However, I have felt that many eyes were looking over my shoulder. While every written work starts with a first word that hits the page, a first sentence that crystallises, a first chapter that emerges, we never start from zero.

My interest in the post-Soviet space came with my grandmother's heritage. Born in 1919 in a German village in today's Ukraine, she was one of a lucky few in her family to survive Stalin's purges. After an odyssey through a war-torn Europe she started her new life as a doctor in a small Bavarian village. Unfortunately, she never passed on the gift of the Russian language to my mother, but after all it was not her mother tongue either. The German immigrants in Ukraine had stubbornly clung to their language, custom, and religion. Thus, German was my grandma's native language and I must admit that speaking Russian in a Bavarian hamlet near the Iron Curtain at the height of the Cold War would not have been the brightest idea. Through my grandma's stories, however, I caught a keyhole glimpse of this strange land that lay to the east and about which I knew so little. Intrigued, the only thing I lacked was the key. So, I embarked on the tedious journey of studying Russian, and started to unlock the secrets of this mysterious region.

My grandma was not the only (imaginary) proof-reader of this thesis. From my mother, I have inherited a passion for history and languages. She was a teacher and – as all teachers do – she taught these subjects both in school and at home. From my father, I learnt about the beauty of words. His love for art and literature proved to me that language can do more than just convey cold facts. It is a warm, breathing, living organism that can tell a passionate story.

Hence, I would like to thank all my imaginary and actual proof-readers for their comments. I am grateful to my family, my friends (in particular Josef, who played a special role in all of this), and my colleagues for their input during our discussions. Equally, I would like to thank the scholars in this field, many of whom I have never met, but whose books, articles, and blog posts steered me through the endless sea of information. Likewise, I extend my gratitude to the people that I met in the course of my work

### Preface

and my travels in Russia, Ukraine, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Georgia, and the Baltic States, who helped me understand the similarities and differences in the post-Soviet region. And finally, I would like to thank my supervisor, Prof. Dr. Angelika Nußberger, who realised earlier than I that finding a topic – *this* topic – was as much a matter of the heart as it was a matter of the mind.

Yerevan, January 2020

## Transliteration

I have chosen to render the Russian sources in Cyrillic script with the English translation in [brackets] rather than a transliteration in Latin script. For names and places, however, I have chosen the transliteration in Latin script. In instances where there are several versions of a transliterated name, for example, Kiev (Russian) or Kyiv (Ukrainian), I have chosen the transliteration according to the official local language. In the case of disputed territories, this inexorably contains a political statement, e.g. Donbass (Russian) or Donbas (Ukrainian), Lugansk (Russian) or Luhansk (Ukrainian). The battlefield of semantics was especially important for the war in eastern Ukraine. While I do not wish to bolster the ranks of these word-warriors, for reasons of practicality I had to settle for one transliteration. Dealing with the difficult questions of secession and annexation in this thesis, however, will at least allow me to provide the legal reasoning for my choice.

For the sake of readability, I have opted for a simplified transliteration that does not render all the special characters of the Cyrillic alphabet. Hence, I will refer to Pavel Felgengauer instead of Pavel Fel'gengauer, Donetsk instead of Donets'k etc.

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# List of Abbreviations

AP I Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August

1949, and relating to the Protection of Victims of International

Armed Conflicts (Protocol I) of 8 June 1977

AP II Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August

1949, and relating to the Protection of Victims of Non-Interna-

tional Armed Conflicts (Protocol II) of 8 June 1977

AP III Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August

1949, and relating to the Adoption of an Additional Distinctive

Emblem (Protocol III) of 8 December 2005

APMBC Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention

ARSIWA Articles on State Responsibility for Internationally Wrongful

Acts

Art Article, Articles
ATT Arms Trade Treaty

BBC British Broadcasting Corporation

CA Common Article

CCM Convention on Cluster Munitions

CCRF Criminal Code of the Russian Federation (1996)

CCW Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Cer-

tain Conventional Weapons Which May be Deemed to be Exces-

sively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

CERD International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of

Racial Discrimination

CNN Cable News Network

CRF Constitution of the Russian Federation (1993)

DNR Донецкая Народная Республика [Donetsk People's Republic]

DGO Deutsche Gesellschaft für Osteuropakunde ECHR European Convention on Human Rights

ECtHR European Court of Human Rights

EJIL European Journal of International Law

et al et alia et seq et sequitur

FRY Former Republic of Yugoslavia

## List of Abbreviations

FSB Федеральная служба безопасности [Federal Security Service]

GC I Geneva Convention (I) for the Amelioration of the Condition of

the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field of 12 August

1949

GC II Geneva Convention (II) for the Amelioration of the Condition of

Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at

Sea of 12 August 1949

GC III Geneva Convention (III) relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of

War of 12 August 1949

GC IV Geneva Convention (IV) relative to the Protection of Civilian

Persons in Time of War of 12 August 1949

GGE UN Group of Governmental Experts

GRU Главное управление Генерального штаба Вооружённых Сил

Российской Федерации [Main Directorate of the General Staff

of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation]

HJIL/ ZaöRV Heidelberg Journal of International Law/ Zeitschrift für auslän-

disches öffentliches Recht und Völkerrecht

HR Hague Regulations
HRW Human Rights Watch
HVO Croatian Defence Council
IAC International armed conflict

ibid ibidem

ICC International Criminal Court
ICJ International Court of Justice
ICL International criminal law

ICRC International Committee of the Red Cross
ICTR International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda

ICTY International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Republic of Yu-

goslavia

IHFFC International Humanitarian Fact-Finding Commission

IHL International humanitarian law

IICI Independent International Commission of Inquiry on the Syrian

Arab Republic

IIFFMCG Independent International Fact-Finding Mission on the Conflict

in Georgia

ILC International Law Commission
IMT International Military Tribunal

ITLOS International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

IIT Joint Investigation Team

KSSO Командование сил специальных операций [Special Operations

Forces Command

LAWS Lethal Autonomous Weapons Systems

LBU Law of Burial and Undertaking

LNR Луганская Народная Республика [Luhansk People's Republic] **MGIMO** Московский государственный институт международных

отношений [Moscow State Institute of International Relations]

Member of Parliament MP **MSF** Médecins sans frontières

Note: footnote

NATO Northern Atlantic Treaty Organization NGO Non-governmental organization NIAC

**NKVD** Народный комиссариат внутренних дел [People's Commissariat

for Internal Affairs]

ODIHR Office for Democratic Institutions and Human Rights

Non-international armed conflict

OHCHR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human

Rights

**OMON** Отряд мобильный особого назначения [Special Purpose Mobile

Unit]

Österreichischer Rundfunk ORF

OSCE. Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe

OSCE PA Parliamentary Assembly of the Organization for Security and

Co-operation in Europe

OSCE SMM Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe – Special

Monitoring Mission (in Ukraine)

Office of the Prosecutor OTP OVV **Dutch Safety Board** 

Page

P5 The Five permanent members of the UN Security Council (Chi-

na, France, Russia, UK, US)

PACE Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe

Paragraph para

**PDPA** People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan

Physicians for Human Rights PHR **PMC** Private military company

#### List of Abbreviations

PSC Private security company

PMSC Private military and security company

POW Prisoner of war
PR Public Relations
RF Russian Federation

RSFSR Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic

SBU Служба безпеки України [Security Service of Ukraine]

SMM Special Monitoring Mission SOM South Ossetian Militias

SWP Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik

TPNW Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons

UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UN United Nations

UNCLOS UN Convention for the Law of the Sea

UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organiza-

tion

UK United Kingdom
US United States

USSR Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

UXO Unexploded ordnance

VCLT Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

VRS Army of the Republika Srpska

v versus

VDV Воздушно-десантные войска России [Russian Airborne Forces]